First Measurement With Qosium

This tutorial will guide you on how to configure and perform a very simple measurement with Qosium Probe and Scope. Learning this basic tutorial will help you to understand the workflow of Qosium Scope.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	. 3
2. Preparation	. 3
3. Setup Probes	. 3
4. Connect and Define Topology	
5. Configure Measurement	. 8
6. Start Measurement	. 9
7. Conclusion	11

1. Introduction

In this tutorial, we have one Qosium Probe installed on the same computer where Scope is running, and we want to measure traffic coming from the Internet to this computer. The computer is connected to the Internet via a Wi-Fi connection. Our goal is to use the local Probe to measure how much traffic is received and sent between this computer and the Internet.

Ethernet or any other type of connection is also OK, as long as there's an interface Qosium can use to capture traffic.



2. Preparation

First, install and launch <u>Probe</u> and <u>Scope</u> in the computer where you are carrying out this exercise. Make sure that the computer is connected to the Internet.

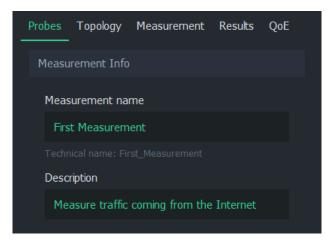
i) If Scope was already running, select File->New Measurement before starting this exercise

3. Setup Probes

Navigate to the <u>Probes Tab</u>, which is on the left side in Scope window inside the *Measurement Control* panel.

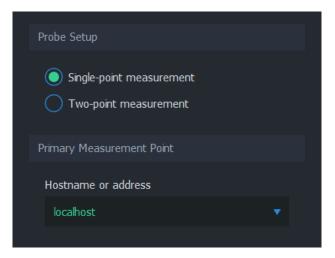
File Control Results View Help		
Measurement Control 🗗 🗙	Dashboards Flows Numerical Map QoE Status	
Not connected	+ New dashboard ×	
Start Measurement	Dashboard Settings	Å
Connect to Qosium Probe	Name	*
Probes Topology Measurement Results QoE		
	Plots	
Measurement Info Measurement name Technical name: Description Probe Setup	General statistics Measurement duration True averaging period General statistics, primary Malformed packets, primary Malformed packets, primary Malformed packets, primary Packets dropped by pcap, primary Packets dropped by pcap, primary Packets dropped by the interface, primary Packets, primary Short packets, primary Short packets, primary Short packets, primary Short packets, primary	
 Single-point measurement Two-point measurement 	Meters	
Primary Measurement Point Hostname or address locahost	 General statistics True averaging period General statistics, primary Malformed packets, primary Packets dropped by the interface, primary Packets dropped by the interface, primary SNR, primary Short packets, primary Short packets, primary General statistics, secondary Traffic statistics, primary Duplicates, primary (sent) 	

In the **Measurement Info** group, give your measurement a name and a brief description.



Next, define the measurement type. In a single-point measurement, only one Probe is used, yielding mainly traffic and flow statistics. In a two-point measurement, full QoS statistics can be measured in the network path between the selected Probes.

In this tutorial, we are only studying basic traffic statistics, so we leave this option to **Single-point measurement**.

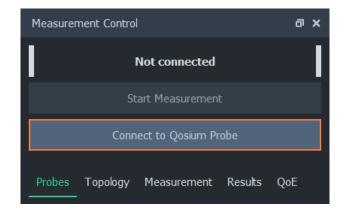


The location where the selected Probe is installed is called the **Primary Measurement Point**. The *Hostname or address* of this location can be given as a hostname or as a plain IP address, for example node.domain.com or 192.168.1.3.

In our case, the Probe is running on the same PC as Scope, therefore we can simply write either localhost or 127.0.0.1.

4. Connect and Define Topology

We are now ready to establish a connection to our *primary measurement point* by pressing **Connect to Qosium Probe**. Scope will then attempt to contact the Probe in this same computer.



If this results in an error, it means that Scope is unable to establish connection to the Probe. In this case, check that the Probe is running on the background and try again.

If a green *Connected* text appears, as depicted below, Scope was able to connect to the Probe successfully. Scope automatically switched us to the <u>Topology Tab</u>, where a few things must be taken care of before starting the measurement.

Measurement Control	a ×				
Connected Setup: Single point measurement					
Start Measurement					
Disconnect					
Probes Topology Measurement Results	QoE				
Primary Probe					
Capture interface . Interface not yet selected					
Placement					
Measurement end-point	•				

The Probe needs to know which network interface it is supposed to listen to during measurement. Select the interface by pressing ... on the right side of *Capture interface*. A dialog opens, which lists the interfaces of this computer.

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File Control Results View Help		
Measurement Control	コ × Dashboards Flows Numerical Map QoE Status	
Connected Setup: Single point measurement	+ New dashboard ×	
Disconnect		
Probes Topology Measurement Results QoE		×
Primary Probe	Intel(R) Dual Band Wireless-AC 8265	
Capture interface	IPv4 address 192.168.1.243 IPv6 address 2001:14ba:a805:5600::0271 MAC address 0c:54:15:aa:51:ef	
interface not yet selected	VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet8	
Placement Measurement end-point	IPv4 address 192.168.17.1 IPv6 address fe80::5049:f490:a273:aa27 MAC address 00:50:56:c0:00:08 VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet1 IPv4 address 192.168.157.1 IPv6 address fe80::f057:70da:08f4:b795 MAC address 00:50:56:c0:00:01 Other Interfaces Select	

We'll select the network card which is connected to the Internet from the dropdown list by double-clicking, or clicking it once and then pressing **Select**. In this computer, that interface would be *Intel(R) Dual Band Wireless-AC 8265*.

The selected interface is now displayed in the *Primary Probe* group.

Probes	Topology	Measurement	Results	QoE
Priman	y Probe			
Captu	re interface			
Inte	l(R) Dual Ba	nd Wireless-AC 8	265	
IPv4	192.168.1.	.243		1
IPve	5 2001:14ba	:8831:b000::027	1	í)
MAC	C 0c:54:15:a	a:51:ef		É)
Placer	ment			
Mea	surement er	nd-point		•

Next, we need to tell Qosium something about the network topology in order to help it determine the direction of the traffic. In a single-point measurement, we only need to inform Scope the placement of the Probe in relation to the measurement path. The options are:

- Measurement end-point Probe is located in either one of the end-points of the traffic we want to measure
- Within measured path Probe is located somewhere in the path of the traffic we want to measure
- Off-path (mirrored traffic) Probe is located outside the path of the traffic we want to measure

Luckily, our case is straightforward: the Probe is located in one of the end-points, so no further parameterization is needed here.

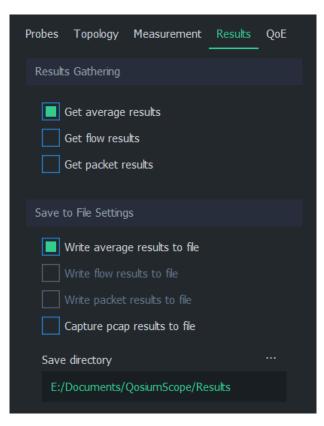
i Why Placement Matters

Qosium has no way to tell what is considered *received / downlink traffic*, and what is *sent / uplink traffic*, unless it knows something about the measurement topology. Defining Probe placement is a simple way to give Qosium a hint how it should define the direction of traffic. If the placement information is not enough, Scope will ask for additional senders definition. For more information, see <u>Understanding Measurement Topology</u>.

5. Configure Measurement

All essential work is already done, and we could start the measurement already. However, let's head to the <u>Results Tab</u> and configure Scope to save the measurement results to a file in real-time.

Under the *Results tab* we can select the result types we want to gather, and whether they are written to local files. For this scenario, we only need the average results, so let's uncheck *Get flow results*. Let's select **Write average results to file**. Now, average results will be saved to a file in real-time during measurement.



Also, mind the directory where the measurement results are saved. With the given settings, our average results will be written (in Windows) to

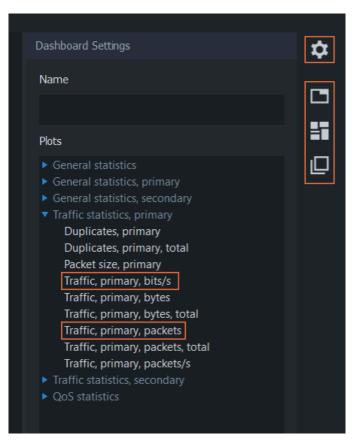
E:\Documents\QosiumScope\Results\averages_First_Measurement.txt.

6. Start Measurement

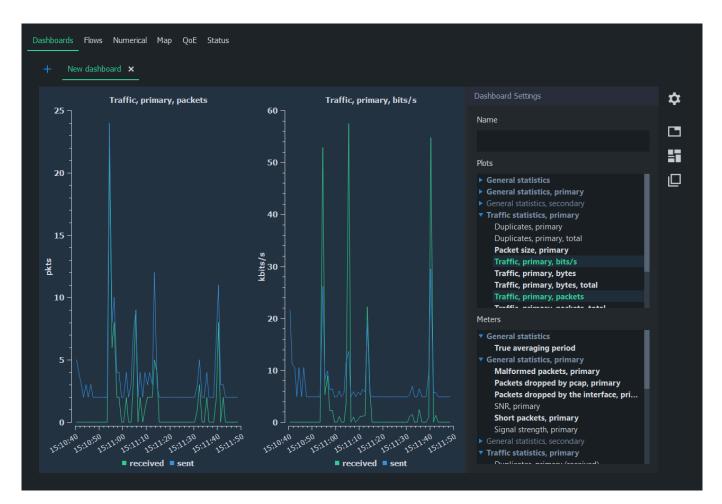
Everything is now set, so let's press **Start Measurement** button. The measurement starts running, as indicated by the status text:



Let's leave the measurement running and check out some measurement results. By default, Scope has **Dashboards** tab open. On the right side is the *Dashboard Settings* panel. If the panel is not visible, press the gear icon.



From the Plots list, select two result types: *Traffic, primary, bits/s* and *Traffic, primary, packets*. Two plots will appear immediately, displaying the traffic load in terms of bits and packets moving between this computer and the Internet. You can reorder and rearrange plots by using the buttons below the gear icon.



And that's it! Since we are writing the results in a file, they can be read and analyzed later in detail. When done, press **Stop Measurement**.

(i) If you forgot to enable the real-time result writing, you can save the results also after the measurement via the menu bar: Results -> Save Average Results...

7. Conclusion

While we barely scratched the surface of Scope functionality, each measurement has the same workflow:

- Setup Probes
- Setup topology
- Set parameters
- Start measurement
- Observe results

In order to learn how to perform a QoS measurement using two Probes, head to the next tutorial.